Bounties.—Government bounties or subsidies for protective duties on various minerals have been paid in the past years; for further details see Section 6, Part I of Chapter XXII on Domestic Trade.

Section 2.—Summary of Mineral Production

The importance of mineral production as compared with other primary industries in Canada is indicated in Chapter XI while its part in the foreign trade of Canada is dealt with in Chapter XXIII, Part II, especially Section 3, Subsections 2 and 5.

Subsection 1.-Value and Volume of Mineral Production

Historical Statistics.—Definite records of the annual value of mineral production go back only to 1886, although actual production began with the earliest settlements. The figures given in Table 1 are not strictly comparable throughout the whole period, minor changes having been adopted in methods of computing both the metallic content of ores sold and the valuations of the products. Earlier methods resulted in a somewhat higher value than those now in use would have shown. However, the changes do not interfere with the general usefulness of the figures in showing the broad trends in the mineral industry.

Year	Total Value	Value per Capita	Year	Total Value	Value per Capita	Year	Total Value	Value per Capita
	\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$
1886	10,221,255	2.23	1930	279,873,578	27.42	1938	441,823,237	39.62
1890	16,763,353	3.51	}			1939	474,602,059	42.12
1895	20, 505, 917	4 ⋅08	1931 ¹	230, 434, 726	22.21	1940	529,825,035	46 .55
1900	64, 420, 877	12.15	1932	191,228,225	18.19	1941	560,241,290	48 .69
1905	69,078,999	11.51	1933	221, 495, 253	20.83	1942	566,768,672	48.63
1910	106,823,623	15.29	1934	194, 110, 968	18.07	1943	530,053,966	44 · 87
1915	137, 109, 171	17.18	1935	312, 344, 457	28.80	1944	485, 819, 114	40.57
1920	227,859,665	26.63	1936	361,919,372	33.05	1945	498,755,181	41.15
1925	226,583,333	24.38	1937	457,359,092	41 • 41	1946 ²	493,840,428	40.13

1.—Value of Mineral Production, 1886-1946

¹ Beginning with 1931, exchange equalization on gold production is included. ² Subject to revision.

Current Production.—The depression beginning in 1930 had a profound effect upon the production of minerals in Canada. The decline in general commodity prices and the increased price of gold provided a two-fold stimulus to production and, as in the 1920's, output of gold was increased. This rise in the price of gold since 1931 (\$20.67 per fine ounce in 1931 to \$38.50, Canadian funds, in 1945) resulted in the mines being able to produce from ore that was hitherto unprofitable,